

The Roles of Digital Libraries as Boundary Objects Within and Across Social and Information Worlds



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Background

- **Purpose:** Improve **understanding of digital library contexts**

organizational
cultural

institutional
collaborative

social

- **Social digital libraries**
 - **content + services + organization(s)**
 - **information / knowledge creation & sharing**

Background

- Calls to **consider social contexts** of DLs
- Experimental, promising **models, frameworks, methods** of study
- Support for **communities, collaboration**
- Need for **theoretical, practical research**
- **Implications:** design, use, research, theory

Framework and Approach

Social Paradigm

Social Informatics

Social Constructionism

**Social
Worlds
Perspective**

(Strauss, 1978)

**Boundary
Object
Theory**

(Star & Griesemer,
1989)

**Theory of
Information
Worlds**

(Jaeger & Burnett,
2010)

Case study approach (Yin, 2003)

LibraryThing  **and** **Goodreads** 

Research Questions

What **roles** do
LibraryThing and **Goodreads** play,
as **boundary objects**, in

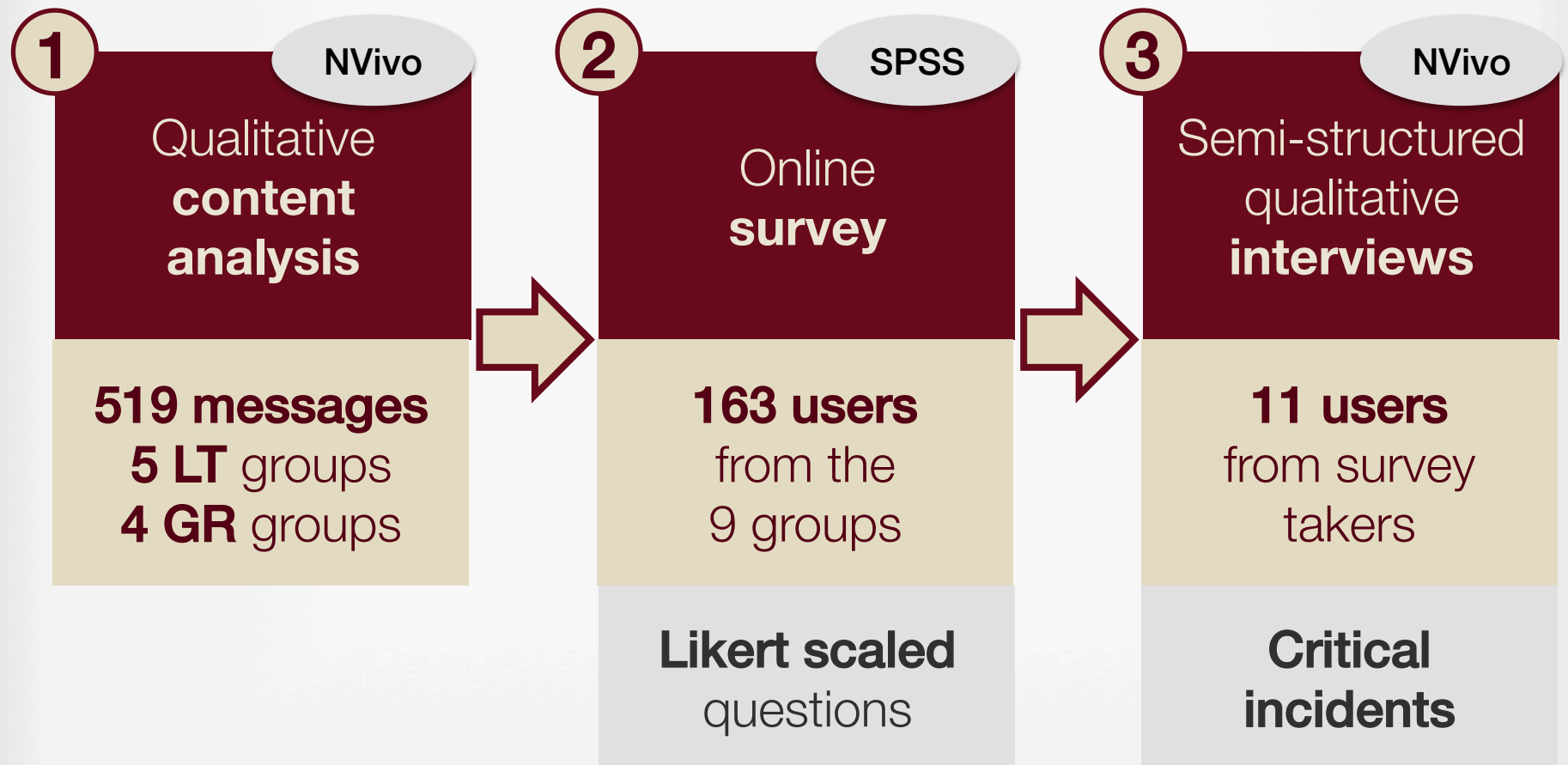
RQ1

translation and **coherence** between
existing social & information worlds;
and

RQ2

coherence and **convergence** of
emergent worlds around their use?

Method



Findings

- **Translation**


- Based on information needs
- Negotiating, explaining norms / rules
 - Disruptions
- Explaining point of view, coming to agreement
- Getting to know each other
- Convergence not guaranteed

- **Social norms**

-  Convergence stronger
- New topics emerged – digressions
- Written and unwritten; institutionalized
- Comparative, contextual
- Violations, conflicts

Findings

- **Social types**

- Stronger in 
- Nicknames
 - “Sir Pterry,” “DFW,” “Mel,” “AJ”
- Outsiders
 - Authors (friction)
- Individuals, each other
- Collectives, roles
- Self-typing

- **Information value**

- Convergence of shared group interests, understanding
- Coherence between individuals, groups
 - Impact of existing values
- Occasional conflicts

Findings

- **Information behavior and activities**



- Individually, collectively coherent, normative
 - Information-based activities
- Moderators, active members
 - Encouraged normative activities, information sharing
 - Build convergent community
- Divergences, everyday life information behavior became normative

- **Organizations**

- Few references
- Emergent worlds
 - Boundary-spanning individuals
 - Group transitions
 - Language used
- Existing worlds

Findings

- **Sites**

-  More apt to use as emergent site
- More topic drift 
- Emergent discussions within existing threads
- Some information behavior in other sites
- Different perceptions of existing, emergent communities

- **Technologies**

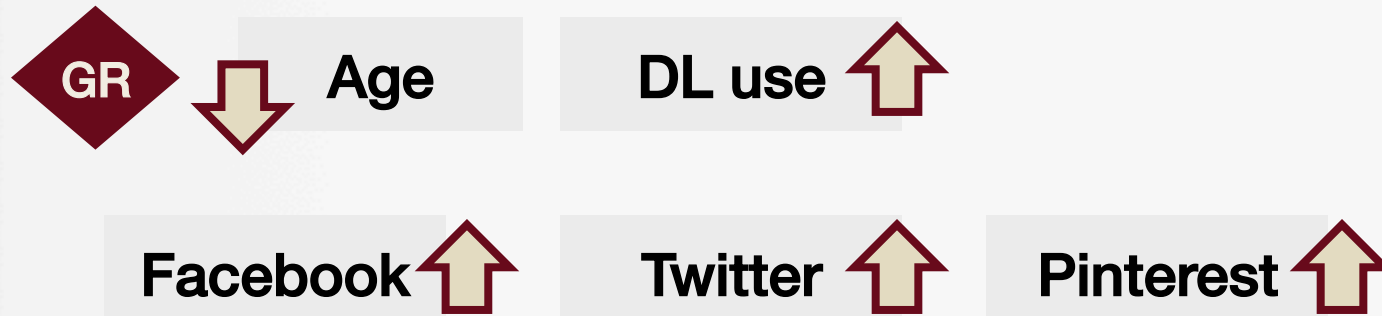
- Linking
 - Books, authors, series
 - Within, beyond thread, group, site
- Organizational / cataloging features
- Other features, tech
 - Blogs
- Role of tech in helping community convergence

Findings

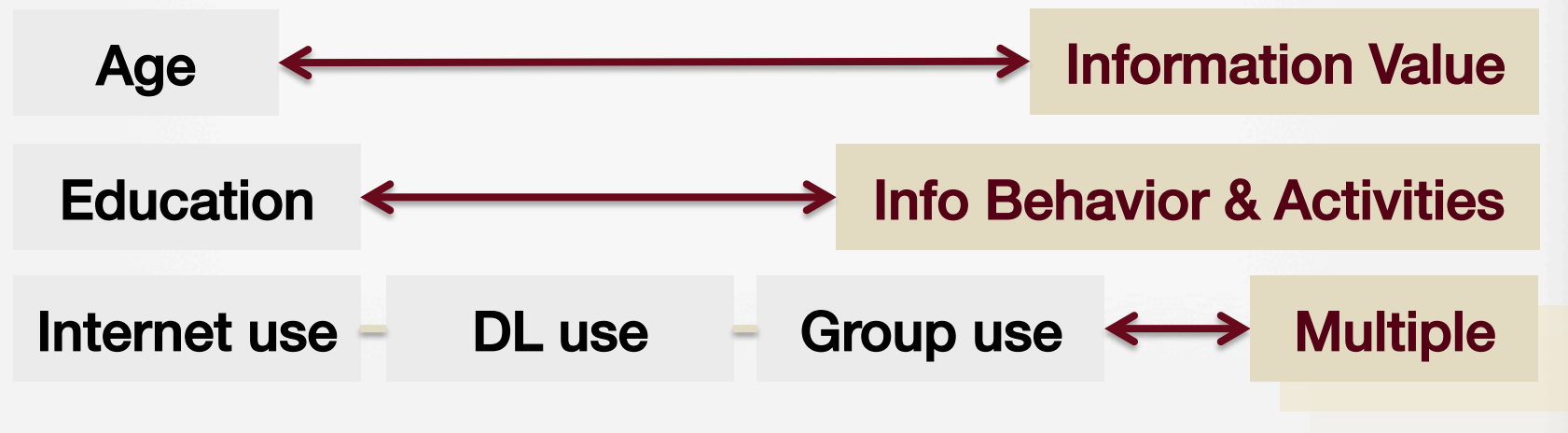
- **Open codes**
 - Other boundary objects
 - Books!
 - Boundary spanners
 - Outsiders
 - Lifecycles

Findings

Survey



Compared to general population, per Pew data (Duggan & Brenner, 2013)



Findings

Survey

Strong role in most phenomena

| Phenomenon | Mean rating | Median rating |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Sites | 3.939 | 4.000 |
| Translation | 3.882 | 3.833 |
| Organizations | 3.824 | 4.000 |
| Coherence / Convergence | 3.773 | 3.750 |
| Social Norms | 3.736 | 3.800 |
| Technologies | 3.659 | 3.666 |
| Info Behavior & Activities | 3.620 | 3.750 |
| Information Value | 2.975 | 3.000 |
| Social Types | 2.945 | 3.000 |

Most correlations
between phenomena
were significant

Not: information value vs.
translation, technologies,
organizations

Significant
(all $p < 0.001$)

Structure

As **collection, organization**

“Fit” as boundary object, site for existing practices

Technology for full spectrum of features

Moderators, key members **establish community structure**

Groupthink?

Translation maintains convergence

Values

Divergences accepted

Not complete

“Invisible work”

Translation leads to coherence, **common ground**

Emotional, cultural, informational reasons

Roles

Social network

Common **activities**, “pursuits”

Connections, ties, sense of community

Site for activities, sharing of **values**

“Off-topic,” everyday life information behavior

DL Design / Practice Implications

- **Establishing a community**
 - Highlight translation processes and resources
 - Make DL-wide norms, values clear
 - Be willing to engage in translation, negotiation
 - User profiles
- **Right features, right audience**
 - Sociotechnical approach
 - Support roles identified herein

DL Design / Practice Implications

- **Cross the streams**
 - Encourage users' boundary spanning
 - Facilitate linking, bring in related content
 - Encourage interaction about the DL, its communities
 - Work with other practitioners, researchers beyond one's home discipline

Research Implications

- **Digital libraries in context**
- **Social informatics** and **information behavior**
 - **Information values**
 - **Boundaries / boundary-centric**
- Work **across disciplines, boundaries**

Theory Implications

- **Social digital libraries**
 - Further develop, test survey instrument
 - Slight revisions to framework, instructions for coding and analysis, for edge cases
- **Boundary object theory**
 - Scope and scale in sociotechnical research
 - Remain pluralistic